SERVICE STANDARD 13A : CRITICAL CARE - SCN/NICU/PICU/PHDW

PREAMBLE

CRITICAL CARE SERVICES – SCN/NICU/PICU/PHDW

Critical Care Services for paediatric and neonatal cases are specialised care units within the paediatric services in a hospital designated to provide a higher level of care than a general paediatric ward. The scope of the services provided by the unit should be guided by the professional qualifications and experience of the clinicians and are expected to provide appropriate facilities, equipment and staff to safely and effectively care for children and neonates in need of the service.

The units that fall within this category are:

Paediatric Critical Care Services:
 a) Paediatric Intensive Care Units (PICU)
 b) Paediatric High Dependency Unit (PHDU)

2. Neonatal Critical Care Servicesa) Special Care Nursery (SCN)b) Neonatal Intensive Care Units (NICU)

Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Units provide comprehensive care for a wide range of complex, progressive and life-threatening or potentially life-threatening disorders in critically ill paediatric and neonatal cases, and may vary in the levels of care that are provided (depending on personnel and their level of expertise, physical characteristics, and facilities) and they may differ in the types of specialised care that are provided (e.g. paediatric, neonatal, cardiothoracic surgery, neurosurgery, transplantation, nephrology and others).

Levels of Neonatal Care Units

Each unit should declare the level of care it provides with respect to the delivery of critical care and this should be consistent with the Facility's overall mission.

Level I - Neonatal care in postnatal wards

This unit supplies normal postnatal beds for well babies who are placed together with their mothers and regarded as inpatients. Some of these babies will be receiving treatments for completion of antibiotics, continuation of phototherapy for mild neonatal jaundice or glucose monitoring. The unit is supervised by a separate set of nursing staff and doctors but requires only minimal medical or nursing care. This is to encourage breastfeeding and bonding for the babies.

Level II - Special Care Beds and provides care in a speciality-level facility. This unit provides care for convalescent pre-term neonates, neonates requiring care for transitory problems not requiring sub-speciality level services on an urgent basis.

Level II(a) (Low Dependency) Special Care beds:

For convalescent preterm neonates, or neonates requiring observation for transient problems, phototherapy, investigatory procedures and frequent feeding Level II(b) (High Dependency) Special Care beds: For neonates requiring peripheral intravenous therapy, simplified cardiorespiratory monitoring, apnoea monitoring, oxygen not usually in excess of 40%, chronic oxygen dependency and surgical nursing

Level III - This unit provides intensive care beds to neonates requiring sustained life support, i.e. assisted ventilation for intubated neonates, neonates requiring stabilisation pre and post major surgery and neonates requiring intensive monitoring.

Level III(a) (Low Dependency) Intensive Care beds: For neonates requiring CPAP, continuous cardiorespiratory monitoring, intraarterial blood pressure monitoring, parenteral nutrition, central venous catheterisation, oxygen therapy in excess of 40%, acute surgical nursing

Level III(b) (High dependency) Intensive Care beds: For neonates requiring endotracheal intubation for assisted ventilation, intraarterial blood pressure monitoring, continuous cardiorespiratory monitoring, parenteral nutrition, central venous catheterisation, transcutaneous blood gas and oxygen saturation monitoring and neonates requiring stabilisation following major surgery

Level IV - Equivalent to level III capabilities plus ability to provide surgical repair for acquired or congenital disorders with a range of other subspecialties, i.e. paediatric medical subspecialties, paediatric anaesthesiology care and paediatric surgical subspecialties.

(Based on Paediatric Services Operational Policy 2012 MOH/P/PAK/175.08 (BP))

TOPIC TOPIC 13A.1 ORGANISATION AND MANAGEMENT

STANDARD STANDARD 13A.1.1

The SCN/NICU/PICU/PHDW shall be organised and administered to provide safe, efficient, and effective critical care services in accordance with the identified level of care.

Identification of the level of care is by the Facility. The level of care identified shall be in tandem with the actual level of care provided in terms of all aspects of care, i.e. organisation, human resource, policies, facilities and performance improvement activities.

				SELF		SURVEYOR FINDIN	IGS	
CRITERION NO.	CRITERIA FOR COMPLIANCE			RATING	FACILITY COMMENTS	AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT / RECOMMENDATIONS	SURVEYOR RATING	RISK
	1.1 Vision, Mission and values statements of the Facility are accessible. Goals and objectives that suit the scope of the Paediatric or Neonatal Critical Care Services are clearly documented and measurable that indicates safety, quality and patient centred care. These reflect the roles and aspirations of the service and the needs of the community. These statements are monitored, reviewed and revised as required accordingly and communicated to all staff.		t s of	NA			NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE						
	1.	Vision, Mission and values statements of the Facility are available, N endorsed and dated by the Governing Body.	IA					
	2.	Goals and objectives of the Paediatric or Neonatal Critical Care N Services in line with the Facility statements are available, endorsed and dated.	IA					

	3. Evidence of planned reviews of the above statements.	NA			
	 These statements are communicated to all staff (orientation programme, minutes of meeting, etc) 	NA			
	5. Achievement of goals and objectives are monitored, reviewed and revised accordingly.	NA			
13A.1.1.2 CORE	There is an organisation chart which:		NA	NA	
	 a) provides a clear representation of the structure, functions and reporting relationships between the Person In Charge (PIC), Head of the Paediatric or Neonatal Critical Care Services, consultants, medical practitioners and sta the Paediatric or Neonatal Critical Care Services; b) is accessible to all staff and clients; 	ff of			
	c) includes off-site services if applicable;				
	 d) is revised when there is a major change in any of the following: i)organisation; ii) functions; iii) reporting relationships; iv) staffing patterns. 				
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	 Clearly delineated current organisation chart with line of functions and reporting relationships between the Person In Charge (PIC), Head of the Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services, consultants, medical practitioners and the rest of the staff. 	NA			
	2. Organisation chart of the service is endorsed, dated and accessible.	NA			
	3. The organisation chart is revised when there is a major change in any of the items (d)(i) to (iv).	NA			
13A.1.1.3	Regular staff meetings are held between the Head of Service and staff with sufficient regularity to discuss issues and matters pertaining to the operations Paediatric or Neonatal Critical Care Services. Minutes are kept; decisions and resolutions made during meetings shall be accessible, communicated to all state service and implemented.	d	NA	NA	
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				

	_					-
	1.	Minutes are accessible, disseminated and acknowledged by the staff	. NA			
	2.	Attendance list of members with adequate representatives of the service.	NA			
	3.	Frequency of meetings as scheduled.	NA			
	4.	Discussion and resolutions are implemented (Problems not solved to be brought forward in the next meeting until resolved).	NA			
13A.1.1.4	invo	Head of each of the Paediatric or Neonatal Critical Care Services (CCS) lved in the planning, justification and management, of the budget and re- ation of the services.		NA	NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1.	Minutes of Facility-wide management meeting	NA			
	2.	Documented evidence on request for allocation of budget and resources (staffing, equipment, etc) for the service.	NA			
	3.	Approved budget and resources.	NA			
	assi	gnment of the staff. EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1.	Records on staff interview (if applicable)	NA			
	2.	Appointment/assignment letter of Head of Service	NA			
	3.	Job description of Head of Service	NA			
	4.	Records on staff deployment	NA			
	5.	Duty roster	NA			
13A.1.1.6	Pae	ropriate statistics and records shall be maintained in relation to the provi diatric or Neonatal Critical Care Services and used for managing the ser patient care purposes.		NA	NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1.	Records are available but not limited to the following:	_			
	a)	workload/census;	NA			
	b)	annual report;	NA			
	c)	accident/incident reports;	NA			

d)	staffing number and staff profile;	NA
e)	staff training records;	NA
	data on performance improvement activities, including performance indicators relevant to each specific critical care	NA
	hand washing records, Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infection (CLABSI) rates, nosocomial infection rates and mortality rates	NA
h)	Mortality Meetings	NA
2.	Statistics are used for managing services and patient care.	NA

TOPIC TOPIC 13A.2 HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT

STANDARD STANDARD 13A.2.1

The Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services are appropriately and adequately staffed and directed to achieve their goals and objectives.

CRITERION					SURVEYOR FINDIN	IGS	
NO.	CRITERIA FOR COMPLIANCE		SELF Rating	FACILITY COMMENTS	AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT / RECOMMENDATIONS	SURVEYOR RATING	RISK
13A.2.1.1	The Head and staff of the Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services shall individuals qualified by education, training, experience and certification to commensurate with the requirements of the various positions.	be	NA			NA	
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE						
	1. Records on credentials of Head of Service and nursing staff required to fill up the posts within the service (to match the complexity of the services) and certification /registration(Annual Practising Certificate)	NA					
	2. Experience of the Head and staff of Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services meet the demand of their positions	NA					
	3. List of doctors/nurses with post basic certification in various disciplines.	NA					
	4. Appointment/assignment letters	NA					
	5. Training and competency records	NA					
	6. Deployment/assignment according to staff speciality.	NA					
	7. Qualified Community Nurse worked in Labour Room	NA					
13A.2.1.2	The authority, responsibilities and accountabilities of the Head of Paediatric or Neonatal Critical Care Services is clearly delineated and documented.					NA	
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE						
	1. Appointment/assignment letter for Head of Service.	NA					
	2. Description of duties and responsibilities	NA					
13A.2.1.3 CORE	Sufficient numbers of personnel and support staff with appropriate qualification employed to meet the need of the services. The number of staff required shall based on accepted norms.	is are be	NA			NA	

	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE	
1.	Number of staff and qualification should commensurate with workload.	NA
2.	Duty roster	NA
3.	Census and statistics	NA
4.	Staffing pattern	
a)	Paediatric and Neonatal Intensive Care Considering the complexities of care needed for a patient receiving intensive care, there should be 1:1 ratio of nursing staff. In cases, where the patient is particularly unstable, for example with severe pulmonary hypertension, two (2) nurses will be required.	NA
b)	High Dependency Care i. Paediatric - A nurse should not have responsibility for the care of more than two (2) patients ii. Neonatal - Special Care Nursery (Level IIa & IIb) A staff nurse should not have responsibility for the care of more than four (4) patients : (Based on Paediatric Services Operational Policy 2012 MOH/P/PAK/175.08 (BP))	NA
includ	e are written and dated specific job descriptions for all categories of staff le: alifications, training, experience and certifications required for the positio	
b) line	es of authority;	
c) acc	countability, functions and responsibilities;	
follow i) na ii) du iii) ge iv) q v) st	iewed when required and when there is a major change in any of the ing: ature and scope of work; uties and responsibilities; eneral and specific accountabilities; ualifications required and privileges granted; affing patterns; tatutory Regulations.	
e) adr	ministrative and clinical functions.	
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE	

				· · · · · ·	
1.	Updated specific job description is available for each staff that includes but not limited to as listed in (a) to (e).	NA			
2.	Job description includes specialisation skills	NA			
3.	Relevant privileges granted where applicable	NA			
4.	The job description is acknowledged by the staff and signed by the Head of Service and dated.	NA			
	rsonnel records on training, staff development, leave and others are mair every staff.	ntained	NA		
	te : Iff personal record may be kept in Human Resource Department as per F icy.	acility			
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
1.	Staff personal records include:				
a) staff biodata;	NA			
b) qualification and experience;	NA			
C)) evidence of current registration;	NA			
d) training record;	NA			
e) competency record and privileging;	NA			
f)	leave record;	NA			
g) confidentiality agreement.	NA			
Par for a) e tho b) I	 .6 There is a structured orientation programme for all newly appointed staff to the Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services including medical practitioners and for those new to specific areas that include the following: a) explanation of the goals, objectives, policies and procedures of the Facility and those of the Paediatric Critical Care Services; b) lines of authority and areas of responsibility; c) explanation of particular duties and functions; d) explanation of the methods of assigning clinical care and the standards of clinical practice; 		NA		

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	e) har	d over communication;					
	f) proc	esses for resolving practice dilemmas;					
	g) info	rmation about safety procedures;					
	h) trai	ning in basic/advanced life support techniques;					
	i) metl	nods of obtaining appropriate resource materials;					
	j) staff	appraisal procedures for the Paediatric Critical Care Services;					
	k) edu	cation on Patient and Family Rights;					
	l) edu	cation on MSQH Standards requirements.					
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE					
	1.	Policy requiring all new staff to attend a structured orientation programme. (Under governance – Hospital)	NA				
	2.	There is Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services orientation programme with relevant topics not limited to topics covered from (a) to (l).	NA				
	3.	Attendance list	NA				
3A.2.1.7	provid	is evidence of training needs assessment and staff development plan ves the knowledge and skills required for staff to maintain competency in t positions and future advancement.	which 1 their	NA		NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE	1				
	1.	Training needs assessment is carried out and gaps identified.	NA				
	2.	A staff development plan based on training needs assessment is available.	NA				
	3.	Training schedule/calendar is in place	NA				
	4.	Training module	NA				
13A.2.1.8	There pursue practio	are continuing education activities for staff including medical practitione e professional interests and to prepare for current and future changes in ce.	ers to 1	NA		NA	

		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE		
	1.	Training calendar includes in-house/external courses/ workshop/conferences	NA	
	2.	Contents of training programme e.g. Structured training programme for non-post basic nurses to be privileged to work in the intensive care area	NA	
	3.	Training records on continuing education activities are kept and maintained for each staff.	NA	
	4.	Certificate of attendance/degree/post basic training.	NA	
	5.	Plan for staff to enrol in post basic courses according to their eligibility, 40% of the ward staff should have post basic training in NICU/PICU/Paediatric Nursing.	NA	
CORE	Serv a) sr Adva Resi Paeo	cal staff including medical practitioners working in the Paediatric Critical ices have: pecific specialised skills such as cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), anced Cardiac Life Support (ACLS), Basic Life Support (BLS), Neonatal uscitation Programme (NRP), Paediatric Life Support (PLS), Advanced diatric Life Support (APLS); system of ongoing re-certification.		NA
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE		
	1.	Medical and nursing staff who work in the Paediatric Critical Care setting shall be proficient in resuscitation of paediatric patients.	NA	
	2.	Certification in specific cardiopulmonary resuscitation life support, Neonatal Resuscitation Programme (NRP), Paediatric Life Support (PLS), Advanced Paediatric Life Support (APLS) and re-certification.	NA	
	3.	Schedule of life support training for new and current staff	NA	
		including medical practitioners receive evaluation of their performance pletion of the probationary period and annually thereafter, or as defined lity.		NA
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE		
	1.	Performance appraisal for staff including medical practitioners is completed upon probationary period and as an annual exercise.	NA	

13A.2.1.11	 Organisations should have arrangements for the: a) promotion of staff well-being b) resolution of workplace issues EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE 			NA
	1.	The promotion of staff well-being may involve:		
	a)	procedures to promote well-being, e.g. stress management, workload N monitoring, management of work life balance, healthy lifestyle programmes e.g. BookDoc, KOSPEN	A	
	b)	staff being provided with appropriate supervision, support and advice Ne.g. Mentor Mentee	A	
	2.	The resolution of workplace issues may involve:		
	a)	measures to protect staff against violence, bullying and harassment Ne.g. signage	A	
	b)	clear procedures for the effective management of underperformance N e.g. feedback on Sasaran Kerja Tahunan (SKT)	A	

TOPIC TOPIC 13A.3 POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

STANDARD STANDARD 13A.3.1

There are written and dated policies and procedures for all the activities of the Paediatric Critical Care Services. These policies and procedures reflect current standards of CCS practices, relevant regulations, requirements of statutory authorities, and the goals and objectives of the services.

CRITERION		SELF		SURVEYOR FINDIN	GS	
NO.	CRITERIA FOR COMPLIANCE	RATING	FACILITY COMMENTS	AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT / RECOMMENDATIONS	SURVEYOR RATING	RISK
13A.3.1.1 CORE	There are written policies and procedures for the Critical Care Services which are consistent with the overall policies of the Facility, regulatory requirements and current standard practices. These policies and procedures are signed, authorised and dated and shall include the following policies where applicable:	NA			NA	
	a) Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infections (CLABSI) care bundle					
	b) Ventilator Associated pneumonia (VAP) care bundle					
	c) Infection Control Policy					
	d) Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative					
	e) Milk Supply/Preparation					
	There is a mechanism for and evidence of a periodic review at least once in every three years.					
	Note: Standard policies and procedures, manuals etc. developed and issued by Central Bodies and/or Ministry of Health and other related Regulatory Bodies shall act as a point of reference if direct adoption are not relevant to the level of services.					
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE					
	1. Documented policies and procedures for the Paediatric and Neonatal NA Critical Care Services include but not limited to as listed in (a) to(e).					
	2. Policies and procedures are consistent with regulatory requirements and current standard practices such as Paediatric Services Operational Policy 2012 MOH/P/PAK/175.08 (BP)) Paediatric					

circui conte nvas	ecifications as to who may perform special procedures, under what mstances and under what degree of supervision; special procedures in thi ext may include intubation, tracheostomy, insertion of central lines, or any sive procedures; other procedures that include all forms of medical interver rentilation, dialysis and other forms of life support;	other
	mission, discharge and referral;	
-	e use of special equipment and supplies and where they are located;	
e) the	e assignment of responsibility for preventive and corrective maintenance ramme, including procedures to follow in the event of the breakdown of ntial equipment;	
) pre	evention and control of infection, including needle stick injury;	
g) clii Thera	nical management protocols, e.g. enteral feeding, thromboprophylaxis, apeutic Hypothermic Protocol etc;	
า) drเ	ug administration including antibiotic usage;	
) pro	cedural policy, e.g. central vein catheterisation;	
) visi	itors and traffic control;	
<) org	gan donation;	
) with	hdrawal and withholding of life support for the critically ill;	
n) m	echanical ventilation (if absolutely necessary) outside Intensive Care Unit.	
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE	
1.	Policy and procedure manual (hard or soft copies) that shall include but not limited to (a) to (m).	NA
2.	Verification of staff compliance to practice upon observation on-site eg. Hand Hygiene Audit	NA
3.	Review of patient notes regarding drug administration eg. usage of antibiotics, thromboprophylaxis	NA
4.	Result of audits on compliance to policies and procedures, e.g. medication safety audit, care of intravenous (IV) line, etc.	NA

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	5.	Records on hand washing audits, Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infections (CLABSI) rates, nosocomial infection rates and mortality rates	NA				
	6.	Presence of Therapeutic Hypothermic Protocol	NA				
	7.	Records on screening programmes eg. Critical Congenital Heart Disease Screening, Congenital Hypothyroid Screening, Universal Newborn Hearing Screening and Retinopathy of Prematurity Screening	NA				
	8.	Medical Alert System eg. Code Blue system	NA				
	9.	Policy on Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative	NA				
13A.3.1.4 CORE	There	is evidence of compliance with policies and regulations.		NA		NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE					
	1.	Compliance with evidence based guidelines through (at least 2 of the following methods below) :					
	a)	interview of staff on practices;	NA				
	b)	verify with observation on practices;	NA				
	c)	results of audit on practices;	NA				
	d)	practices in line with established policies and procedures.	NA				
13A.3.1.5	Curre	nt policies and procedures are communicated to all staff.		NA		NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE					
	1.	Training and briefing on the current policies and procedures/	NA				
	2.	Circulation list and acknowledgement of staff that have read the policies	NA				
	3.	Attendance list/ Minutes of meeting	NA				
13A.3.1.6		s of policies and procedures, protocols, guidelines, relevant Acts, ations, By-Laws and statutory requirements are accessible to staff.		NA		NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE					
	1.	Copies of policies and procedures, protocols, guidelines, relevant Acts, Regulations, By-Laws and statutory requirements are accessible on-site for staff reference.	NA				
13A.3.1.7	Each	discrete service has:		NA		NA	

u) a l	Head of service with overall responsibility;	
o) me noni	edical practitioners with appropriate training in intensive care (NICU/PICI itoring and therapy;	U)
c) sp	ecialist medical coverage available at all times;	
d) pro	ovision of resident medical coverage of duties on a 24-hour basis;	
e) res	sident medical practitioners with access to consultant support at all times	s;
Neon	nurse manager with an accredited post basic intensive care training, natal/Paediatric Nursing qualification and experience, and nursing staff w isive care qualifications;	vith
	e expectation of staffing at a registered nurse to patient ratio appropriate int dependency needs;	to
	team approach to patient care (critical care team comprises of medical a ing staff, pharmacist, physiotherapist, dietitian and social worker); suppo	
nursi Dostg	ing staff, pharmacist, physiotherapist, dietitian and social worker); suppor graduate education for clinical staff. oport for postgraduate education for clinical staff.	
nursi postg	ing staff, pharmacist, physiotherapist, dietitian and social worker); suppor graduate education for clinical staff. poort for postgraduate education for clinical staff. EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE	rt for
nursi postg	ing staff, pharmacist, physiotherapist, dietitian and social worker); suppor graduate education for clinical staff. oport for postgraduate education for clinical staff.	
nursi postg	ing staff, pharmacist, physiotherapist, dietitian and social worker); suppor graduate education for clinical staff. poport for postgraduate education for clinical staff. EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE The NICU and PICU Units should have one Consultant (Neonatalogist/ Paediatrician) who is responsible for the direction	rt for
) sup 1.	ing staff, pharmacist, physiotherapist, dietitian and social worker); suppor graduate education for clinical staff. poort for postgraduate education for clinical staff. EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE The NICU and PICU Units should have one Consultant (Neonatalogist/ Paediatrician) who is responsible for the direction and management of the Unit. Call roster for medical officers, specialists and/or consultants; dated,	nt for
) sup 1. 2.	ing staff, pharmacist, physiotherapist, dietitian and social worker); suppor graduate education for clinical staff. poort for postgraduate education for clinical staff. EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE The NICU and PICU Units should have one Consultant (Neonatalogist/ Paediatrician) who is responsible for the direction and management of the Unit. Call roster for medical officers, specialists and/or consultants; dated, signed and authorised by Head of Unit.	NA NA
) sup	ing staff, pharmacist, physiotherapist, dietitian and social worker); support graduate education for clinical staff. poort for postgraduate education for clinical staff. EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE The NICU and PICU Units should have one Consultant (Neonatalogist/ Paediatrician) who is responsible for the direction and management of the Unit. Call roster for medical officers, specialists and/or consultants; dated, signed and authorised by Head of Unit. Call roster for nurse manager on daily and on-call roster	NA NA
nursi post <u>c</u>) sup 1. 2. 3. 4.	ing staff, pharmacist, physiotherapist, dietitian and social worker); support graduate education for clinical staff. EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE The NICU and PICU Units should have one Consultant (Neonatalogist/ Paediatrician) who is responsible for the direction and management of the Unit. Call roster for medical officers, specialists and/or consultants; dated, signed and authorised by Head of Unit. Call roster for nurse manager on daily and on-call roster Nursing staff to patient ratio, please refer to 13A.2.1.3	NA NA NA NA NA

a)	radiographers;	NA
b)	pharmacists;	NA
c)	physiotherapists;	NA
d)	neurophysiology staff;	NA
e)	dietitians;	NA
f)	infection control staff	NA
g)	social welfare workers.	NA

TOPIC TOPIC 13A.4 FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

STANDARD STANDARD 13A.4.1

There are appropriate and adequate physical facilities and equipment for the efficient operations of the Paediatric Critical Care Services SCN/NICU/PICU/PHDW

	CRITERION NO. CRITERIA FOR COMPLIANCE		SELF	SURVEYOR FINDIN	IGS	,	
		CRITERIA FOR COMPLIANCE		RATING	AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT / RECOMMENDATIONS	SURVEYOR RATING	RISK
13A.4.1.1	areas	Paediatric Critical Care Services shall be provided in a discrete area close s which have the greatest requirements for its services such as operating res etc.	to	NA		NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE					
	1.	The Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services should be situated in a discrete area with easy access to operating theatres, Emergency Department, Radiology/Diagnostic Imaging Services, etc.	NA				
	2.	The unit should be easily accessible with clear signage.	NA				
13A.4.1.2 CORE	I here of sp funct	e are adequate and appropriate facilities and equipment with proper utilisa ace to enable staff to carry out their professional, teaching and administra ions.	tive	NA		NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE					
	1.	Adequate and proper utilisation of space.	NA				
	2.	Appropriate type of equipment to match the complexity of services.	NA				
	3.	Adequate facilities and equipment at each patient care area for safe care. (e.g. ventilator, defibrillators, emergency cart, hand washing facilities etc)	NA				
	4.	Easy access and clear exit routes	NA				
	5.	Absence of overcrowding	NA				
	6.	Accessibility of critical equipment and consumables at all times.	NA				
13A.4.1.3		immediate physical environment of the patient is as unobtrusive and as netically pleasing as possible.		NA		NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE					

	1 Developed equivariant of the patient is unabtructive upon choose stion	NA			
	1. Physical environment of the patient is unobtrusive upon observation on-site.				
13A.4.1.4 CORE	There shall be adequate facilities for infection control in the unit such as:		NA	NA	
CORE	a) sinks with elbow/foot operated faucets;				
	b) hand-drying facility, e.g. disposable paper towels;				
	c) alcohol-based hand rub per bed;				
	d) separate clean and dirty utility rooms;				
	e) endotracheal suctioning via a closed system or a single use disposable cat Refer to Policies & Procedures on Infection Prevention and Control 2019 3rd e Ministry of Health Malaysia	heter. edition			
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1. Infection control facilities in each unit include items (a) to (e) as observed on site.	NA			
13A.4.1.5	There shall be provision for isolation of certain categories of patients, e.g. thos with airborne infectious diseases.	se	NA	NA	
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1. Isolation rooms or areas appropriate to the level of care provided are available eg negative pressure isolation room	NA			
	2. Area to cohort infected patients or contacts are made available if no designated rooms are provided.	NA			
13A.4.1.6	There are separate areas for the sanitation and storage of equipment.		NA	NA	
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1. Separate areas for sanitation and storage of equipment observed upor inspection such as:	n site			
	 a) clean utility/holding area(s) for storage of equipment used in the care of critical care patients; 	NA			
	b) cleaning utility/holding room for storing used and contaminated material before its removal from the care area.	NA			

13A.4.1.7	There are facilities for patients, relatives and staff which include:	N		NA	
	a) counselling room for parents or relatives;				
	a) counselling room for parents of relatives;				
	b) rest room for staff;				
	c) changing rooms at relevant care areas where appropriate;				
	d) room for distressed parents or relatives;				
	e) waiting area for parents or relatives.				
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1. Presence of facilities for parents or relatives and staff include (a) to (e) as observed on site.	NA			
13A.4.1.8 CORE	Whatever the design or purpose of the unit, adequate space is provided aroun each bed to make it easily accessible for routine and emergency care of the part and also to accommodate bulky equipment which may be needed and comply the relevant regulatory requirements.	atient,	A	NA	
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1. There is adequate space around each bed for routine and emergency care that meets regulatory requirements.	NA			
13A.4.1.9 CORE	The Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services shall have 24-hour access onsite laboratory services such as:	to N.	A	NA	
	a) point of care testing, e.g. blood gas, glucose, etc				
	b) laboratory test results are available within a reasonable time frame for revie action;	w and			
	c) culture results are available 24 hours per day.				
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1. Blood gas machine is available and functional in the unit	NA			
	2. Records on maintenance of blood gas machine	NA			
	3. Quality control of blood gas machine	NA			

	4.	Laboratory results are reviewed, signed (for hospitals without HIS) and plan of action documented	NA		
	5.	Interview of staff regarding availability of culture results 24 hours per day.	NA		
	6.	Laboratory Turnaround Time for Critical Care Services is the same throughout the 24 hours.	NA		
13A.4.1.10 CORE		Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services shall have 24-hour access iology/Diagnostic Imaging Services and blood bank services.	s to	NA	NA
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE			
	1.	Evidence from interview of staff/records on availability of 24- hour access to radiology/diagnostic imaging services and blood bank services	NA		
13A.4.1.11	surg	Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services shall have support from a jical, medical, allied health, and diagnostic specialties, together with appro- cal, scientific, and other support staff.		NA	NA
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE			
	1.	Documented referral signed and dated to respective units	NA		
	2.	Response to the referral according to case-case basis	NA		
	3.	Documented reply signed and dated by respective units	NA		
	4.	Evidence of cross departmental referral where required as seen in patient's medical records	NA		
13A.4.1.12 CORE	acco	ach intensive care beds should have these equipment and facilities in pla ording to the norms (refer Paediatric Services Operational Policy 2012 H/P/PAK/175.08 (BP))		NA	NA
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE			
	1.	Adequate mechanical requirements at each paediatric or neonatal bed (Level 3 or 4), such as electrical, gas outlets and suction facilities should be made available to ensure safety, easy access and maintenance, which include as listed in (a) to (k).	NA		
	2.	There should be a mixture of emergency and normal power for all	NA		

3. Availability of ambubags / T-piece resuscitators at each intensive neonatal bed NA		
13A.4.1.13 COREThe beds are readily adjustable to various therapeutic positions, easily moved for transport, with locking mechanisms for a secure stationary position, cot sides, and removable headboard.NA	NA	
EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE		
1. All the beds are functional as per standard requirement. NA		
13A.4.1.14 The equipment for monitoring as well as intervention shall be appropriate to the Scope of services provided by the unit. (Based on Paediatric Services Operational Policy, Ministry of Health Malaysia 2012) NA	NA	
EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE		
1.All above listed facilities and equipment for the specified level of care for Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services provided are available and functional.NA		
13A.4.1.15 Facilities and equipment are appropriate to the Paediatric and Neonatal Critical NA CORE Care Services which comply to relevant standards and regulatory requirements and shall include the following: NA	NA	
a) uninterrupted power supply;		
b) appropriate air conditioning and/or specialised airflow patterns which comply with regulatory requirements;		
c) an alarm system for Paediatric and Neonatal Critical Care Services personnel to summon additional staff in an emergency;		
d) variable lighting systems provide at least a day and night mode;		
e) alternate emergency lighting, gas and power sources or other appropriate mechanisms available to operate all life support systems including suction apparatus;		
f) adequate supplies of medications and intravenous fluids available 24 hours a day. Refer to Paediatric Services Operational Policy 2012 MOH/P/PAK/175.08 (BP)		
EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE		

	-					
	1.	All facilities and equipment are available and functional and include systems and facilities as listed in (a) to (f).	NA			
	2.	Indenting of medication and intravenous drips according to First In First Out (FIFO) system and imprest floor stock	NA			
	3.	Back-up generator available in case of power disruption	NA			
	4.	Temperature for the medication refrigerator is kept between 2°C – 8°C with logbook of daily temperatures	NA			
13A.4.1.16 CORE		ther emergency and life support equipment are readily accessible and tional.		NA	NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1.	Emergency and life support equipment are available and functional as required:	5			
	a)	emergency trolley;	NA			
	b)	basic resuscitation items with suction available at each patient care area as observed upon inspection e.g. Ambubag / T-piece resuscitator available by each intensive bed	NA			
13A.4.1.17		e is documented evidence that equipment complies with relevant onal/international standards and current statutory requirements.		NA	NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1.	Testing, commissioning and calibration records (certificates or stickers)	NA			
	2.	Certification of equipment from certified bodies, e.g. Standards and Industrial Research Institute of Malaysia (SIRIM), etc as EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE to the relevant standards and Acts.	NA			
13A.4.1.18	devid	ert advice concerning the safe use of, and maintenance for all biomedica ces and electrical installations are readily available at all times. Documer afety testing is provided on a regular basis to the unit head.		NA	NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1.	Training record of staff whenever there is any new medical equipment/device in the unit	NA			
	2.	Record on quality control of devices/equipment according to requirements/ policies	NA			

	3.	Contact number of technical expert of equipment/device should be made available	NA			
13A.4.1.19 CORE	mair mair	e is evidence that the facilities and equipment have a comprehensive tenance programme such as predictive maintenance, planned preventive tenance and calibration activities, to ensure the facilities and equipment d working order.		NA	NA	
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE				
	1.	Planned Preventive Maintenance records such as schedule, stickers, etc.	NA			
	2.	Planned Replacement Programme where applicable	NA			
	3.	Complaint records	NA			
	4.	Asset inventory	NA			
13A.4.1.20 CORE		re specialised equipment is used, there is evidence that only staff who ar ed and authorised by the Facility operate such equipment.	e	NA	NA	
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE					
	1.	User training records	NA			
	2.	Competency assessment record	NA			
	3.	Letter of authorisation	NA			
	4.	List of staff trained and competent to operate specialised equipment	NA			

TOPIC TOPIC 13A.5 SAFETY AND PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT ACTIVITIES

STANDARD STANDARD 13A.5.1

The Head of Paediatric Critical Care Services shall ensure the provision of quality performance with staff involvement in the continuous safety and performance improvement activities of the Paediatric Critical Care Services.

		c	ירור		SURVEYOR FINDIN	IGS	
CRITERION NO.	CRITERIA FOR COMPLIANCE		SELF Ating	FACILITY COMMENTS	AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT / RECOMMENDATIONS	SURVEYOR RATING	RISK
	There are planned and systematic safety and performance improvement activi to monitor and evaluate the performance of the Paediatric and Neonatal Critica Care Services. The process includes:		NA			NA	
	a) Planned activities						
	b) Data collection						
	c) Monitoring and evaluation of the performance						
	d) Action plan for improvement						
	e) Implementation of action plan						
	f) Re-evaluation for improvement						
	Innovation is advocated.						
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE						
	1. Planned performance improvement activities include (a) to (f)	NA					
	2. Records on performance improvement activities.	NA					
	3. Minutes of performance improvement meetings	NA					
	4. Performance improvement studies	NA					
	5. Mortality and morbidity audits with remedial actions	NA					
	6. Records on innovation if available	NA					
13A.5.1.2	The Head of Paediatric or Neonatal Critical Care Services has assigned the responsibilities for planning, monitoring and managing safety and performance improvement to appropriate individual/personnel within the respective services		NA			NA	

		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE		
	1.	Minutes of meetings	NA	
	2.	Letter of assignment of responsibilities	NA	
	3.	Job description	NA	
13A.5.1.3	are a	Head of Paediatric or Neonatal Critical Care Services shall ensure that dequately trained in performance improvement activities eg. Key Perfortators, Incident Reporting and International Organisation for Standardiz	ormance	NA
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE			
	1. System for performance activities is in place, which include:			
	a)	Training of staff	NA	
	b)	Policy on the performance activity	NA	
	c)	Methodology	NA	
	d)	Register/records of incidents or shortfalls	NA	
	2.	Corrective and preventive action plans	NA	
	3.	Minutes of meetings	NA	
	4.	Acknowledgment by Head of Service and PIC/Hospital Director	NA	
	5.	Feedback given to staff regarding incident reporting./ shortfalls	NA	
13A.5.1.4	preve during Kesih	mportant that newborn patients have distinct methods of identification tent ent misidentification as well as to improve the quality and safety for new g their hospital stay following delivery. (Refer to Pekeliling Ketua Peng atan Bil 1/2007 MOH/P/PAK/133.07(GU) Garis panduan Sistem Kawa lamatan Bayi di Hospital-Hospital Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia)	vborns arah	NA
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE			
	1.	Name tags of the neonate should have at least 2 identifiers – Mother's full name and Hospital RN (Registered Number) or IC	NA	
	2.	Process of discharging baby from the ward at exit points eg. guard's counter following guidelines		
	3.	Identification banding at 1 body-site is compulsory but it is encouraged for 2 body sites	NA	

13A.5.1.5	that p perfor a) Th- incide i) in ii) ir blood b) Wh	Paediatric Critical Care Services has Clinical Risk Management Program rovides an appropriate peer group structure for performing the safety an rmance improvement activities to accomplish clinical care evaluation. e medical practitioners undertake clinical reviews of all risk assessments ent reports, audits and safety and performance improvement activities: multidisciplinary committees within the Services; n a variety of purpose-specific committees, such as mortality and morbid transfusion and infection control. matever structure is utilised, provision is made for review and analysis of al work of each individual clinical service, unit or function. EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE	d , ty,	NA	NA	
			NA			
	2.	Minutes of meetings	NA			
	3.	Relevant reports and documents, e.g. clinical audit reports, incident reports, mortality and morbidity review reports, etc.	NA			
13A.5.1.6 CORE	 13A.5.1.6 CORE There is tracking and trending of specific performance indicators depending on the Unit/ Facility, not limited to but at least two (2) of the following: a) rate of central line associated blood stream infection (CLABSI) Refer to Central Venous Catheter Care Bundle Manual A quality initiative for the prevention of Central Venous Catheter-Related Blood Stream Infection (CVCBSI) April 2008 b) rate of ventilator-associated pneumonia (VAP) For a & b, please refer attachment Paediatric and Neonatal specific Performance Indicators c) percentage of survival of inborn very low birth weight infants between 1000 – 1499g birthweight (Target: 90%) d) Refer Technical Specifications for Key performance indicators (KPI) Clinical Services Medical Programme 2019 e) Report of mortality/morbidity audits/meetings being conducted in the unit with documentation of cases discussed 			NA	NA	
	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE					
	1.	Specific performance indicators monitored.	NA			
	2.	Records on tracking and trending analysis.	NA			
	3.	Remedial measures taken where appropriate	NA			
13A.5.1.7		back on results of safety and performance improvement activities are required to the staff.	jularly	NA	NA	

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		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE		
	1.	Results on safety and performance improvement activities are accessible to staff.	NA	
	2.	Evidence of feedback via communication on results of performance improvement activities through continuing medical education/meetings.	NA	
	3.	Minutes of service/unit/committee meetings and attendance lists	NA	
13A.5.1.8	Appr kept	opriate documentation of safety and performance improvement activities and confidentiality of medical practitioners, staff and patients is preserve	s is ed.	NA
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE		
	1.	Documentation on performance improvement activities and performance indicators	NA	
	2.	Policy statement on anonymity on patients and providers involved in performance improvement activities.	NA	
13A 5.1.9	disas	anisations should develop, review and test a disaster recovery plan. The ster could be natural (e.g. floods, earthquakes, hurricanes, disease outbr anmade (e.g. urban fires, industrial accidents, bioterrorism).	eaks),	NA
		EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE		
	1.	Documentation on training of emergency or contingency plan	NA	
	2.	Attendance list	NA	
	3.	Evidence of practice drills e.g. fire drills	NA	
	4.	Scheduling of drills in the organization's annual plan	NA	
13A 5.1.10	conc First	lation process eg audits for performance improvement activities shall be lucted by the first and second parties. party audit shall be performed within the organization Second party audi		NA
	an e	EVIDENCE OF COMPLIANCE		
	1.	Reports of first and second party audits being carried out a) Example of First party audits e.g. internal audit for KPI or ISO being carried out: i. Reports on organization performance e.g. KPI ii. Reports on	NA	

compliance or conformance of the organization e.g. Incident reports iii. Documentation of any remedial measures being carried o iv. Corrective and preventive action plans in place v. Acknowledgement of Head of the Facility regarding the first party audit results and actions taken b) Second Party Audit is by a certified external organization to ensure the organization' compliance and conformance eg. SIRIM for ISO, Ministry of Health for KPI	
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SERVICE SUMMARY					
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OVERALL RATING :	NA				
OVERALL RISK :	-				